

# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

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## **SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

**PRODUCT NAME:** D151, Paint Reconditioning Cream (20-147D): D15101

MANUFACTURER: Meguiar's, Inc. DIVISION: Meguiar's

ADDRESS: 17991 Mitchell South, Irvine, CA 92614

**Telephone:** 949-752-8000 (Fax: 949-752-5784)

EMERGENCY PHONE: CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24 hours)

**Issue Date:** 07/11/11 **Supercedes Date:** 03/24/11

**Document Group:** 26-6704-6

**Product Use:** 

Intended Use: Automotive

Specific Use: One-step cut, polish and wax

# **SECTION 2: INGREDIENTS**

<u>Ingredient</u>	<u>C.A.S. No.</u>	% by Wt	
WATER	7732-18-5	50 - 70	
PETROLEUM DISTILLATE	64742-48-9	10 - 30	
ALUMINUM OXIDE	1344-28-1	3 - 7	
CONDITIONERS	Trade Secret	< 5	
POLY(DIMETHYLSILOXANE)	63148-62-9	1 - 5	
PETROLEUM DISTILLATE	64742-46-7	1 - 5	
CALCINED CLAY	66402-68-4	1 - 5	

# **SECTION 3: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

## 3.1 EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Odor, Color, Grade: Sweet odor; Pink, viscous lotion

General Physical Form: Liquid

Immediate health, physical, and environmental hazards: Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and

explode. Vapors may travel long distances along the ground or floor to an ignition source and flash back. target organ effects.

May cause

### 3.2 POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

#### **Eve Contact:**

Mild Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include redness, pain, and tearing.

#### **Skin Contact:**

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, and itching.

#### Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause:

Pneumoconiosis: Sign/symptoms may include persistent cough, breathlessness, chest pain, increased amounts of sputum, and changes in lung function tests.

May be absorbed following inhalation and cause target organ effects.

#### Ingestion:

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May be absorbed following ingestion and cause target organ effects.

#### **Target Organ Effects:**

Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

## **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### 4.1 FIRST AID PROCEDURES

The following first aid recommendations are based on an assumption that appropriate personal and industrial hygiene practices are followed.

Eye Contact: Flush eyes with large amounts of water. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

Skin Contact: Wash affected area with soap and water. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Inhalation: Remove person to fresh air. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

**If Swallowed:** Do not induce vomiting unless instructed to do so by medical personnel. Give victim two glasses of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention.

# **SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

### 5.1 FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES

**Autoignition temperature** No Data Available

Flash Point 200 °F [Test Method: Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]

[Details: D93-90] Not Applicable Not Applicable

Flammable Limits(LEL) Flammable Limits(UEL)

### 5.2 EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Use fire extinguishers with class B extinguishing agents (e.g., dry chemical, carbon dioxide).

#### 5.3 PROTECTION OF FIRE FIGHTERS

**Special Fire Fighting Procedures:** Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture. Wear full protective equipment (Bunker Gear) and a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode. Vapors may travel long distances along the ground or floor to an ignition source and flash back.

Note: See STABILITY AND REACTIVITY (SECTION 10) for hazardous combustion and thermal decomposition information.

# SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate unprotected and untrained personnel from hazard area. The spill should be cleaned up by qualified personnel. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

#### Clean-up methods

Observe precautions from other sections. Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Clean up residue with detergent and water.

In the event of a release of this material, the user should determine if the release qualifies as reportable according to local, state, and federal regulations.

# **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### 7.1 HANDLING

Keep out of the reach of children. Avoid breathing of vapors, mists or spray. Avoid breathing of dust created by cutting, sanding, grinding or machining. Avoid skin contact. Avoid eye contact with vapors, mists, or spray. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash exposed areas thoroughly with soap and water. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents.

#### 7.2 STORAGE

Store away from heat. Store out of direct sunlight. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidizing agents.

# **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

### 8.1 ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Use in a well-ventilated area. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below

Occupational Exposure Limits and/or control mist, vapor, or spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

# 8.2 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

#### 8.2.1 Eye/Face Protection

Avoid eye contact with vapors, mists, or spray.

The following eye protection(s) are recommended: Safety Glasses with side shields

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#### 8.2.2 Skin Protection

Avoid skin contact.

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible materials.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

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#### 8.2.3 Respiratory Protection

Avoid breathing of vapors, mists or spray. Avoid breathing of dust created by cutting, sanding, grinding or machining. Select one of the following NIOSH approved respirators based on airborne concentration of contaminants and in accordance with OSHA regulations: Half facepiece or fullface air-purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridges and P95 particulate prefilters. Select and use respiratory protection to prevent an inhalation exposure based on the results of an exposure assessment. Consult with your respirator manufacturer for selection of appropriate types of respirators.

#### 8.2.4 Prevention of Swallowing

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash exposed areas thoroughly with soap and water.

### 8.3 EXPOSURE GUIDELINES

<u>Ingredient</u>	<b>Authority</b>	Type	<u>Limit</u>	<b>Additional Information</b>
ALUMINUM OXIDE	CMRG	TWA	1 fiber/cc	
ALUMINUM OXIDE	OSHA	TWA, respirable	5 mg/m3	
		fraction		
ALUMINUM OXIDE	OSHA	TWA, as total dust	15 mg/m3	
PETROLEUM DISTILLATE	CMRG	TWA	300 ppm	
Paraffin oil	OSHA	TWA, as mist	5 mg/m3	
PETROLEUM DISTILLATE	CMRG	TWA	300 ppm	

#### SOURCE OF EXPOSURE LIMIT DATA:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer Recommended Guideline OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL)

# **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Odor, Color, Grade: General Physical Form: Autoignition temperature Flash Point Sweet odor; Pink, viscous lotion

Liquid

No Data Available

200 °F [Test Method: Pensky-Martens Closed Cup] [Details: D93-

90]

Flammable Limits(LEL)

Flammable Limits(UEL)

Not Applicable
Applicable

**Boiling Point** 380 °F **Density** .98 g/cm3

Vapor DensityNo Data AvailableVapor PressureNo Data Available

Specific Gravity 0.98 [Ref Std: WATER=1]

**pH** 8 - 8.8

Melting pointNot ApplicableSolubility in WaterModerateEvaporation rateNo Data AvailableValority Organic Companyors14.54.97 weight

Volatile Organic Compounds14.54 % weightKow - Oct/Water partition coefNo Data AvailableVOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents463.89 g/l

# **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Stability: Stable.

**Materials and Conditions to Avoid:** 

10.1 Conditions to avoid

Heat

10.2 Materials to avoid

Strong acids

Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Polymerization: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

## **Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products**

Substance Condition

Formal delayde

Division Condition

Formaldehyde During Combustion
Carbon monoxide During Combustion
Carbon dioxide During Combustion
Irritant Vapors or Gases During Combustion

# **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Please contact the address listed on the first page of the MSDS for Toxicological Information on this material and/or its components.

# **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## **ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Not determined.

## CHEMICAL FATE INFORMATION

Not determined.

### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Waste Disposal Method: Incinerate in an industrial or commercial facility in the presence of a combustible material. As a disposal alternative, dispose of waste product in a facility permitted to accept chemical waste.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): Not regulated

Since regulations vary, consult applicable regulations or authorities before disposal.

## SECTION 14:TRANSPORT INFORMATION

General Transportation Statement

This product does not require classification by DOT, IATA, ICAO or IMDG.

ID Number(s):

14-1000-0221-2

Please contact the emergency numbers listed on the first page of the MSDS for Transportation Information for this material.

# **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### US FEDERAL REGULATIONS

Contact manufacturer for more information

311/312 Hazard Categories:

Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - Yes

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of that section and 40 CFR part 372 (EPCRA):

 Ingredient
 C.A.S. No
 % by W

 ALUMINUM OXIDE
 1344-28-1
 3 - 7

## STATE REGULATIONS

Contact manufacturer for more information

## **CHEMICAL INVENTORIES**

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

Contact manufacturer for more information

## INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS

Contact manufacturer for more information

This MSDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 1 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

Revision Changes:

n/a

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